

ANY MONOPOLY OF THE SCALES?

TAMMANY SAYS "IT'S AS MUCH OURS AS HEARST'S."

Scarcely an Independence League Petition That Is Not Contested by Another One—Tammany Protest Against Abuse of Every Hearst Corporation Petition.

The Board of Elections is having its troubles deciding which of two rival demands in nearly all the districts in the county is entitled to get onto the ballot under the official line of the scales. The Tammany men say that any one who saw it first is entitled to the emblem and that although the incorporated Independence League claims a monopoly of it there is no virtue in the claim. The Board of Elections will have to render a decision tomorrow. It is possible that the matter will be then taken to the courts.

Lawyers Herbert R. Limburg and Daniel F. Cohan agreed that the question, which affects thirty or forty cases, should be argued before the board on one specific case and that the decision should apply to all other cases but should not determine the many protests based on priority of filing petitions, legality of signatures and many other points. The board set the case for 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon and at that hour the rooms were crowded. The specific case was the protest made against the Independence League petition for Francis Burton Harrison, the Tammany nominee for Congress in the Sixteenth district. Harry B. Davies has also been nominated by the Independence League by petition and the difference between the two petitions is that the Davies petition has the approval of the managers of the incorporated Independence League, which is run from the C. F. U. House, Limburg represented Davies and Cohan represented Harrison.

Mr. Limburg said that the Independence League was a corporation and that Harrison had no right to the name or to the emblem as he was not even a member. The League had nominated William R. Hearst and the rest of the State ticket with petition signed by 20,000 names and that of itself gave the incorporators the right to the name and the use of the emblem.

Mr. Cohan in reply said that F. B. Harrison had been nominated by petition signed by 3,000 electors in the Sixteenth Congress district. The incorporation of the Independence League was ingenuously done to get around the law but the incorporators had tried to do the impossible. If this thing was to be allowed there was nothing to prevent four or five men incorporating a Republican party using the emblem the ballot box and barring all others from using that name or emblem. The Independence League had no right to the emblem, the scales, until they had won that right at the polls. The Independence League was the Municipal Ownership League.

Resolving its decision on this, the board took up specific protests and it seemed that almost every nomination made in the name of the league had been protested. There were so many cases that President Voorhis allowed only ten minutes to a case. Tammany men have filed affidavits by the score that the incorporated Independence League petitions are fraudulent in many instances.

Thomas J. McManus of the Eleventh Assembly district will present thirty-five affidavits to-morrow to support his protest against Thomas Gloster. John F. Curry, Tammany leader of the Thirteenth Assembly district, has prepared thirty affidavits to support his protest against Philip L. McGuire, William Dalton and Peter L. Dooling of the Ninth district. W. J. Boylan of the Fourteenth district, Maurice Featherston of the Twentieth district and many other Tammany leaders are preparing many affidavits to show that there has been fraud in getting the league petitions. It is alleged that there are fictitious names and names of non-residents and non-voters on most of the protested petitions. A lot of notices got into trouble last year for helping in the manufacture of the league petitions.

There was a protest against Henry Clay Peters, the league nominee in the Third Congress district. This protest was made by John Gillen of 72 Hooper street, Brooklyn. It was the old story about Peters' youthful errors.

PROTEST THE HEARST JUDGES.

Judicial Nominators Find the Petitions a Scandal.

General objections were filed yesterday with the Board of Elections to the various petitions nominating independent candidates for Judges in New York county, to run under the Independence League emblem. The investigation conducted by the Judicial Nominators has shown the following curious conditions:

October 17 was the last day for the filing of independent petitions. At 3:45 on that afternoon 4,763 were received for the nomination of all the Democratic candidates for Judges in New York county, for whom Breen and Rosakly were respectively substituted. At 8:51 and 10:40 P. M. 441 more came in. At 7:51 Breen's verified declaration was filed, followed at 11:09 by 3,378 petitions for Brady. From 10:46 to 11:48 2,400 petitions for all the regular Democratic nominees were handed in. All the petitions were in the name of the Independence League.

Leopold Wallach of the executive committee of the Judiciary Nominators said yesterday:

"It is high time to find out whether such reckless, indiscriminate and inane petitioning will be sanctioned by public opinion or sustained by the courts. Over 5,000 citizens in the name of the Independence League filed petitions naming thirteen candidates for judges in New York county, including two not selected by the Murphy-Hearst deal. These petitions name a committee to fill vacancies."

"Next, a declaration of one of these two—Breen—was filed. Instead of filling this vacancy through the committee provided for by law, 2,000 more persons, once more in the name of the Independence League, file petitions nominating Mr. Brady, who is a Hearst-Murphy nominee, to take Mr. Breen's place. Finally, a few minutes before the office closes for the night, and evidently to cover the case of Judge Rosakly, who was named by the first set of petitioners, and has not resigned, 3,000 persons file petitions nominating Mr. Brady in place of Judge Rosakly, and the Murphy-Hearst ticket. And this act also is in the name of the Independence League."

"On any possible construction of these remarkable maneuvers they constitute, to say the least, a gross imposition upon the voters of this county. If there was a different set of petitioners for the first set containing the names of Breen, Brady and Rosakly and for the regular Democratic ticket then the signatures of the first set were deprived of their rights for they were entitled under the law to have vacancies filled by the committee of their own choice. If the petitioners were the same, the attempt to force upon the public a machine ticket under the guise of independence is equally reprehensible. It is through a sense of the duty to show up these plotings, and not with any desire to take advantage of technicalities, that objections have been filed."

Root to Speak in Utica on Nov. 1.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Secretary Root will speak in Utica on November 1, but will not go to New York city next week to make the speech which was announced several days ago.

ALBANY DEMOCRATS FOR HUGHES

John S. Delehanty, Brother-in-Law of Edward Murphy, Boils Hearst.

ALBANY, Oct. 20.—Democrats of Albany county who believe in the traditions of the Democratic party are not backward in announcing their determination this fall to vote against William R. Hearst because he is not a Democrat and in order to save the Democratic party from disruption.

Among others who have renounced Mr. Hearst is John S. Delehanty, a lifelong Democrat and a brother-in-law of former United States Senator Edward J. Murphy. Mr. Delehanty has issued an open letter to Democrats, setting forth his position. He says:

"Because I am a Democrat, I feel that it is my duty to vote against William R. Hearst and to appeal to all other Democrats who have the vital interests of their party at heart to do the same. Mr. Hearst is not a Democrat. He is a Hearstocrat, and only that. His election would mean the death of the Democratic party of the State of New York, and it would imperil the life of the Democratic party of the United States. Moreover, and as an American citizen, I should have placed this assertion, which is my conviction, ahead of other considerations—his election would imperil our prosperity, it would strike a blow at our institutions, it would be a step, a long step, toward socialism. This is a time when patriotic citizens are in honor and in duty bound to cast aside partisan considerations and stand shoulder to shoulder against an enemy of our very government, who, falsely professing to be a friend of the people, is ceaselessly striving to embroil the classes by instilling into the minds of those whom he can reach his corporate, newspaper or with his voice thoughts that arouse the base passions which make for ultimate civil war."

RIVAL FRIENDS OF LABOR.

Ford and Aker Both Started a Kind of Litigation Insurance—Acer Cut Rates.

About a couple of weeks ago John Ford, one of the candidates for the Supreme Court bench on the Hearst-Murphy ticket, had a fight in his office with Frank A. Acer, who wanted to be a Hearst Supreme Court candidate in Kings. In the fight why he had to fight with Acer and Acer, Mr. Ford said he told Acer that he was not a fit candidate, whereupon Acer called him a damned liar and a fight followed. A statement issued yesterday by the Judiciary Nominators takes the view that the two are professional rivals. It is also stated that Acer has inspired a movement, which will be carried out at the State meeting of the Central Federated Union, to have that body repudiate Ford. The Nominators say:

Ford and Acer both came from Orleans county originally. Ford became a State Senator here and developed a large practice with labor men. Three years ago he organized a company for the protection of labor from litigation. Acer, who is a lawyer, also organized a company along the same line, and the two men became engaged in a bitter squabble. Ford's company was the Employees' Mutual Protective Association, and had offices at 30 William street. Acer's company was the People's Security Company, with offices in the Broadway-Chambers Building. Ford asked \$2 a year from each laboring man and Acer asked \$1 for the same service. For these payments made by laboring men he could command the service of counsel, no matter what trouble he got in.

Late in 1903 Acer succeeded in having the C. F. U. appoint a committee to investigate Ford's company. The committee found that Ford was counsel for the Ocean Accident and Guarantee Company of London, a concern which fought damage suits brought by employees of the company in the course of their work.

Because of this the Central committee reported unfavorably, and the adverse statement was sent out to the members of the C. F. U. in October, 1904. Acer's company was indorsed by the C. F. U. since when he has built up a big business among labor union people. Acer was a candidate for the Supreme Court nomination on the Hearst-Murphy ticket. He is now a candidate for the Independence League ticket in Brooklyn this year and holds Ford responsible for keeping him off the ticket. Hence the present fight on Ford.

ELLISON IS FOR HUGHES.

But Is Not Campaigning and Wants His Staff to Go Easy on It.

William B. Ellison, the new Corporation Counsel, said yesterday that it was his intention to impress upon his assistants that so long as the lawyers in the department exhibit in the way of the Independent League ticket to keep out of active politics. Mr. Ellison said that he was not in any way bringing any pressure to bear upon them as to the way in which they should vote, but he thought the assistants should not use themselves up by spellbinding that they would be unable to perform their office duties.

"I have learned," Mr. Ellison said yesterday, "that the lawyers in the department are called upon during the campaign to do spellbinding stunts. I think that this practice ought to be put an end to. I am not going to do any campaigning myself because I am a city official and as such I think it is my duty to keep out of political fights. I recognize, of course, the right of every man to do as he likes with his time after business hours, but I think that the less activity the employees of this department exhibit in politics, so far as giving their energies to spellbinding work is concerned, the better condition they will be in to do the work for which the city pays them."

Mr. Ellison said he would not impose any restrictions upon the department, but any restrictions he hoped they would follow his advice.

"I shall vote for Mr. Hughes myself," he said, "but I am a Democrat and I shall vote for Mr. Hughes myself. Under the conditions which prevail this year I claim the right to do as I please and I shall vote against Hearst. While I shall not dictate in any way to any other man as to what part they take in the campaign after business hours, I should feel that if the city's interests were being at risk or the efficiency of this department of the force hindered by political activity at night I should be compelled to take steps accordingly."

REVOLT IN ONTARIO COUNTY.

Hosts of Leading Democrats Who Will Cast Their Votes for Hughes.

GENEVA, N. Y., Oct. 20.—More Democrats will bolt their ticket this fall in Ontario county than were ever known to before. At least such is the outlook from canvases just completed in the numerous towns of the county. In every town prominent Democrats are open in their revolt of Hearst, while many others are letting it be known that they will vote for Mr. Hughes.

This city has been the scene of a revolt of practically every Democratic officialholder, from Mayor down, will vote for Hughes. A. P. Rose, Mayor; N. Henderson, County President; J. B. Van Aken, president of the Board of Public Works; and others are all known to be Hughes supporters.

In every town in the county can be named a list of representative Democrats who will vote for Hughes. In Phelps, for instance, there is Dr. A. White, a Democratic doctor, in Canandaigua there is Edward C. Williams, a prominent business man; Edward Smith, former Democratic Supervisor from South Bristol; Chauncey A. Taylor of from South Bristol; Louis of Victor, former member of the Democratic county committee; in Naples W. L. Pottle and D. H. Maxwell, old line Democrats, have formed a Hughes club composed entirely of Democrats. So it goes all over the county. There are some Republican defections, but they are offset free to one by Democrats deserting Hearst.

CAMMEYER STAMPED ON A SHOE MEANS STANDARD OF MERIT.

The Artistic and the Superior in Shoe Building is Best Exemplified by OUR FOOTWEAR FOR WOMEN.

The most skillful shoe artists form, design and fashion them. The most skillful workmen construct and make them. The most experienced and wisest judges of leathers, kids and shoe findings select the highest grade materials for them and the results are:

Cammeyer's Epoch Making Boots and Shoes.

Prices from \$5.00 to \$10.00.

FASHION SHOES FOR LADIES OF FASHION.

Special and Exclusive Importations of Wholly Hand Embroidered and Most Superb Patterns for Evening Slippers

Made Only to Order.

Each design is separate and distinct, no copies or duplicates in existence.

These are the most magnificent examples of shoe making art and skill.

Prices range from

\$12.00 to \$40.00.

Patterns now on exhibition at our store.

New Fall Catalogue Mailed Free on Application.

ALFRED J. CAMMEYER,

6TH AVENUE, COR. 20TH STREET.



Hosiery for Men, Women and Children. The most Convenient Hosiery Department in New York.

C. F. U. TO TALK POLITICS.

Hearst and Anti-Hearst Men to Clash Again Today.

The report of James H. Hatch, chairman of the executive committee of the Independent Labor party, to the Central Federated Union last Sunday, in which Mr. Hearst and the Independence League were scored for snubbing committee after committee of the party, will come up before the C. F. U. again to-day. A number of Hearst men will take the stand that the action of Sunday did not represent the sentiment of the body.

The officers of the Independent Labor party will stand by the report, which, now a part of the official records of the Central Federated Union, has been sent in circular form to every union in the State. They say that meetings of labor men which were held last week, at which Hearst was indorsed, were engineered by some of the numerous agents of Mr. Hearst, who are to be found lobbying at every labor meeting. A member of the executive committee said that one of these meetings was held a few days ago and resolutions indorsing Mr. Hearst were passed after all but seven had left the meeting.

"The greater part of the labor men given the Hearst papers as a posed to the report of Hatch," said Henry De Veaux of the executive committee, "are not in the Central Federated Union. The Hearst men are doing their best to confuse the public mind as to what was actually done at the meeting of the Central Federated Union on Sunday. We will stand by the report and will not allow ourselves to be bullied or the report to be discredited."

The report was called for in the belief that the Hearst men would "let the laugh on Hato" but he did not. This startled the Hearst agents, and they are doing their best to confuse the public mind as to what was done at the meeting. What was done was this: Mr. Hatch made his report in answer to a call for it. There was no attempt to contradict a word of it and it could not be. Then, the meeting was adjourned and resolutions embodied in the report to continue the Independent Labor party.

Delegates of the Independent Labor party from the various Assembly districts met last night at Beethoven Hall, 210 Fifth street, to vote on the question of sustaining Chairman James H. Hatch in his report made to the Central Federated Union last Sunday. In all sixty delegates attended. There were a few kickers, but an overwhelming majority sustained Hatch.

Hatch made a speech in which he said that in his report he was not expressing his own views but was speaking for the party.

"I have been slandered, vilified and insulted by the Hearst people," he said. "The report was the report of the Independent Labor party and what applies to me applies to the party."

The following resolution was carried: Resolved, That we, the undersigned, delegates of the Independent Labor party, in assembly assembled, do hereby certify by our signatures that the report made by Chairman James H. Hatch to the Central Federated Union on October 11 was absolutely correct and that we expressed the opinion and action of said Independent Labor party.

MINNESOTA OFF FOR TRIAL.

New Battleship Leaves Newport News for Rockland, Me.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Oct. 20.—The first class battleship Minnesota, a sister ship to the Louisiana, left the yards of her builders, the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, this morning for Rockland, Me., where she will have her official trial next Wednesday.

Aboard the Minnesota were General Manager W. A. Post, Homer L. Ferguson, superintendent of hull construction, who was formerly a constructor in the United States Navy, and other officials. The vessel was manned by a picked crew from the shipyard's force of seven thousand men, and at her wheel was Capt. W. G. Melvin, who has taken out all the yard's new ships the last five years.

The Minnesota's contract speed is 19 knots, and in spite of the difficulty attached to the trial under the new standardization method, it is believed she will exceed 19 knots with ease. Owing to the fact that the Minnesota is the first battleship tried under the new method, naval officers are watching her trial with more than usual interest.

With good weather the Minnesota should arrive at Rockland on Monday, and on the following day she will be run over a measured mile course to determine the number of revolutions her engine must make on her four hour run on Wednesday. The trial board will be taken on at Rockland just before the Minnesota puts to sea.

The Minnesota was launched at the shipyard here on Saturday, April 1, 1903, and christened by Miss Rose Schaller, daughter of Minnesota's Governor. The launching was attended by a large crowd of loyal Minnesotans who expect her to become the queen of the United States Navy.

CHINESE ARMY TO PLAY WAR.

Manoeuvres Begin Today, With the Capture of Peking the Objective.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 20.—The Chinese army manoeuvres will begin at Honan to-morrow. Yuan Shih Kai, Commander in Chief of the Chinese army, and Tieh Liang, president of the Board of War, arrived at Changchun to-day to watch the manoeuvres.

The scheme is for a southern force to march on Peking while a northern force will attempt to concentrate at Changchun and prevent them from doing so. It is learned that the whole thing is a farce, as every move which will be made is known to both armies in advance.

SHAW ATTACKS HEARST.

Calls Him a Political Assassin Without Mentioning His Name.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Secretary Shaw, when speaking here, abstained from mentioning the name of William R. Hearst, but every one knew whom he had in mind when he said:

"Personalities ought never to enter into a political campaign. The issue should be between parties and not between the personal of parties. The indorsement of a great political party ought to safeguard a man from personal attack, but no man can plead this exemption when posing as an independent candidate who disregards all party affiliation, and who therefore claims to be his own platform, invites and makes necessary a careful investigation and analysis of his standing as a man, his record or want of record as a statesman, his conception of life and of the conception of the ordinary decencies of life, and his regard or want of regard for the personal reputation of honorable men."

"When a political assassin becomes a candidate for office he must not object if the people candidly and dispassionately pass judgment upon him in complete forgetfulness of party affiliation and fealty. When he himself has been guilty of such a crime of reputation and standing he must not object if men of reputation and standing shall lift hands against him."

UNION MINERS AMBUSH BOSSES.

Fifty Shots Fired and Two Men Wounded—Mine Closed.

STUEBENVILLE, Ohio, Oct. 20.—Instead of going to work in the mine owned by the United States Coal company of Cleveland at Plum Run, this morning, a gang of twenty-five men gathered on the hillside near the tipple and opened fire on Supt. Cox and the pit bosses. Two men were badly wounded.

The mines had been idle since Wednesday because of the miners' dissatisfaction with the management. The officers of the union could give the men no relief and at a meeting Friday of Supt. Cox, union officials criticised the miners' action.

As they were doing so, the men who voted to remain idle, nearly all foreigners, gathered above the tipple and fired upon Supt. Cox and the pit bosses, who took refuge behind cars.

More than fifty shots were fired, but only two men were hurt.

The miners kept their position through the morning, threatening to shoot any miner who entered the mine. The officials are waiting for Sheriff Vorhees, who is in BROKE GLASS; GOT JEWELRY.

BROKE GLASS; GOT JEWELRY.

Show Window Robbery in Hoboken—Store-keeper Hit With a Stone.

An attempt was made late last night to rob Morris Weintraub's jewelry store at 115 Washington street, Hoboken. One young man hurled a brick wrapped in a piece of carpet through the show window. A second thrust his hand into the opening and grabbed some jewelry. Weintraub ran to the door and one of the two thieves hit him on the head with a stone. The pair then took to their heels.

The loot was turned over into the hands of a night watchman. Two young men after a fight, half a block from the store, they described themselves as William Spennell, 18 years old, of 162 Greenwich street, and Frank Lattilo, 20 years old, of 185 Chrystie street, New York.

Weintraub examined his window exhibit and said he lost at least \$500 worth of jewelry. Several pieces of jewelry were found in the street.

FLYER RUNS INTO OPEN SWITCH.

New England States Limited Engine Turns Over Into Ditch.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Oct. 20.—The Central Vermont Railroad's fast train, the New England States Limited, ran into an open switch near North Duxbury to-day.

The locomotive turned over into the ditch and the engineer and fireman were injured. The baggage and mail cars were wrecked.

The switch was opened by a section man, who forgot to close it after running his bandcar upon the siding.

BUYING OUT KING LEOPOLD.

Crude Rubber Business in Africa to Be in American Hands.

It was semi-officially announced yesterday that King Leopold of Belgium has made an arrangement for the disposal of his crude rubber properties in Africa to Thomas F. Ryan and others interested in both the Continental Rubber Company and the United States Rubber Company. One of the latter concern is the personal charge of concluding the negotiations. These have been in progress for several months and cables received both by representatives of Mr. Ryan and by the United States Rubber Company bring word of the arrangement.

The Continental Rubber Company was organized to produce crude rubber. Edward B. Aldrich, son of Senator Nelson W. Aldrich of Rhode Island, is president, and John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is one of the directors. Thomas F. Ryan is heavily interested in the company and last summer there were published sensational statements to the effect that a Rockefeller-Ryan combination had been effected for the purpose of fighting the United States Rubber Company. Officers of the latter concern at the time stated that the companies were much more likely to work in harmony, the United States Rubber Company producing no crude rubber and the other confining itself exclusively to that branch of the business.

Now the Continental company has secured control of the valuable Congo properties, with the assistance of the United States Company, it is stated positively that the two companies will work in close association. Eventually the organization will be brought closer together, very likely by merger of the Continental with the United States. The plan for consolidation has already been framed and, it is understood, virtually agreed upon.

SONS OF ST. GEORGE DINE.

The Rev. Walter E. Bentley Foresees an American-British Nation.

The Stars and Stripes and the Union Jack were intertwined and the healths of President Roosevelt and King Edward VII. were drunk with equal enthusiasm at the twenty-fifth anniversary banquet of Nelson Lodge, No. 41, Order Sons of St. George, held at the Gerard Hotel last night.

The Rev. Walter E. Bentley, rector of the Church of the Ascension, Brooklyn, and secretary of the Actors' Church Alliance, voiced the sentiments of his audience when, after a splendid and green victory at Trafalgar, he said: "The Anglo-Saxon race is the dominant race in the world to-day. At the head of the two greatest countries of the world we find two leaders side by side in the vanguard of civilization. But as the years roll on the boundary lines between the two will disappear and these great nations will merge into one. To the future civilization England will supply the foundation of granite, while America will furnish the wonderful superstructure."

FLOODS SWEEPING VIRGINIA.

Rivers Out of Their Banks and Crops Ruined—One Fatalities.

RICHMOND, Oct. 20.—It is thought that the James River and its tributaries will reach a record breaking height before morning. The streams have been rising steadily all day, and there has been no abatement in the fall of rain, which has been a steady deluge for several days.

Crops have been damaged to the extent of millions. In many instances low ground where crops were growing is many feet under water, entire fields of grain having been swept away by the floods.

At Lynchburg the water is the highest in five years. At Front Royal the water is two feet deep in the public square.

Traffic has been suspended since early morning on the James River division of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. The water at Columbia is thirty feet and rising six inches an hour. The rise at Scottsville is twenty feet.

William H. Hunton, a cousin of Gen. Hunton, while attempting to cross Cedar Run to visit New York, his fiancée, Miss Fannie Lee, was caught in the current and drowned. The body has not yet been recovered.

Veteran Democrat Boils Hearst.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., Oct. 20.—C. H. Kendall, an Adirondack pioneer and one of the oldest merchants of Saranac Lake, who has voted the Democratic ticket at every election held during the last fifty years without exception, has positively announced that he will under no circumstances vote for William Randolph Hearst for Governor.

As Mr. Kendall is known as one of the most consistent Democrats of northern New York, his declaration indicates the prevailing sentiment of the stanchest members of the party in this region.

H. C. KOCH & Co.

The Fur Store's Big Display.

Come to this special display. Be critical. Look around—examine—try on—compare. We have a bigger and more diversified assortment of Furs of every description than ever before. We name lower prices than any other store. And we have the identical Furs you will be most pleased with because of their well-matched and well-colored qualities. Exclusive stores' offerings at popular stores' prices.

SABLE SQUIRREL TIES: fancy satin lined; reg. \$18.00	12.75	BLACK LYNX THROWTIES: 60 inches long; reg. \$28.00	19.50
SABLE SQUIRREL MUFF to match; reg. \$18.00	13.95	BLACK LYNX PILLOW MUFF to match; reg. \$29.00	19.95
GRAY SQUIRREL TIES: 54 inches long; reg. \$20.00	15.95	CARACUL TIES: 54 inches long; reg. \$13.50	8.95
GRAY SQUIRREL PILLOW MUFF to match; reg. \$22.00	15.50	CARACUL PILLOW MUFF to match; reg. \$14.00	9.50

Women's Suit Economies.

A \$32.50 Handsomely Tailored Model Especially Low-Priced for a Brisk Monday Business. 25.00

They're charming models, modestly made, manfully tailored and possess all the important earmarks of well-styled, exclusive garments. Made of a fine quality of broadcloth, in navy, brown, Oxford, London smoke and black; coat 50 inches long; skirt one of the smart cluster plaited models.

ALSO INCLUDED in this offering will be found a variety of other nobby effects in 24 and 36 inch lengths, in the close and half-fitting models. These are shown in handsome mixtures, invisible stripes and checks. Every one of the above suits represents a \$30.00 to \$32.50 value, and for Monday only we have specially priced them. 25.00

\$22.50 Tourist Coats, 15.00.

WOMEN'S TOURIST COATS of all-wool English mixtures, checks, stripes and plaids; full box or semi-fitted models; 50 inches long; smartly tailored and finished with stitched straps of self cloth; half lined with good quality of satin. 15.00

Others manfully made of self material; regularly \$22.50. Special

Women's Tailored Hats.

We are showing an attractive variety of smart models, made of fine felt hoods, silk velvet and felt combinations; effectively trimmed with wing quills and coque effects. A full range of colors and black value \$5.00. Special for Monday. 4.98

Shoes for Fall Wear.

WOMEN'S BOOTS: lace or button, of patent colt, kid or cloth tops; flexible sewed soles; Cuban heels; stylish models. For Monday 1.98

only this \$2.50 value.

MEN'S SLIPPERS: tan or black kidskin; opera cut; hand-sewed turn soles, embodying comfort and style; value \$2.00. 1.39

Silks and Velvets.

BLACK CREPE DE CHINE: all silk; pure dye; superior black and heavy finish; 42 inches wide; \$1.89 1.25

BLACK VELVET: 19 inches wide; one of the season's most popular dress fabrics; selling regularly at \$1.25. 79c

BLACK TAFETTA: pure silk; 27 inches wide; a superior grade, bright finish; 78c. quality. 58c

COLORED CREPE DE CHINE: 24 inches wide; every street and evening shade; also white and cream; 98c. quality. 69c

Stylish Dress Goods.

DOUBLE WARP SERGE AND CHEVIOT, in navy and royal blue, brown, green, garnet, wine, also black; all pure wool; 44 inches wide; regularly 75c. 49c

CREPELLA CLOTH, in a large variety of the fashionable colors; all pure wool; 42 inches wide; regularly 89c. 69c

IMPORTED BLACK VOILE: Lupin's make; crisp even weave; rich deep black; all wool; 45 inches wide; regularly \$1.25. 89c

BLACK BROADCLOTH in chiffon and medium weight; lustrous finish; all pure wool; full 52 inches wide; regularly \$1.50. 1.19

125th St., West, Between Lenox & Seventh Aves.

SPOILING HUDSON SCENERY.

Double Force of Quarrymen Defacing Hook Mountain.

The demolishing of Hook Mountain and other scenic features of the Hudson goes on in spite of the passage last spring of the Wainwright law. The Odell quarries, that had already removed an enormous mass of the stone of Hook Mountain, have been working with redoubled energy to make the most of the time remaining before they lose possession of the quarry. They have used practically the whole of the face of the mountain has apparently, it is said, been removed since the passage of the law as in the entire time before.

New blasting has been begun at spots hitherto spared. Storm King Mountain lies north of the tract included in the provisions of the Wainwright law, but, owing to the difficulty of blasting without risk of the rock dropping on the West Shore tracks below it was not supposed that Storm King would be attacked. The Storm King Rock Company has, in spite of this, started operations. Louis G. Buttrick, Edward Jewell, J. H. Brooks and C. E. Ring, all of New York, are among the directors. It could not be learned whether the Odell interests were behind these new operations, or able to say would give no information as to who held control of the company.

The opposition of Odell's company all but prevented the passage of the measure for preserving Hook Mountain in the last legislature. The bill was passed in the Senate only during the last fifteen minutes of the session and only by the sudden exposure of Odell's hand in the obstruction.

Since that time the quarry men have been making the most of the situation. They did not do the quarrying at Indian Head, what the time of the previous State purchase stopped blasting several months before the actual transfer of their property. It seems likely that the Odell quarries will continue to work under pressure, as they have for several months and that they will do the damage to the surface before they can finally be pushed out of possession.

Delays incident to the requirement by the State of a search of titles and condemnation proceedings will consume much time. Seeking to find a quicker way, the commission has been conferring for several weeks and maturing plans to bring the def